

# Crown ethers and cryptands for advanced applications

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Lab & Production Materials

# **Crown ethers**

## Monocyclic complexing agents

Crown ethers are polyethers in which oxygen atoms are mostly connected by ethylene bridges to form a crownlike structure. Often, the ethylene bridges are also linked with one or more condensed benzene or cyclohexane rings. Alternatively, the oxygen atoms may be partially or totally substituted by heteroatoms (N, P, S) or hetero-aromatic building blocks, such as pyridine. Aromatic crown ethers may even be halogenated, nitrated or reacted with formaldehyde. Crown ethers offer the advantage of thermal stability.

### **Cation complexes: Coronates**

Crown ethers form stable complexes with numerous cations, particularly alkali and earth alkali ions including the ammonium ion. Depending on the cation, monocyclic polyethers form 1/1 or 1/2 inclusion compounds known as coronates. In this process, the cation is locked in the cavity of the crown ether, or between two crown ether molecules. The most stable complexes are formed when the size of the crown ether cavity correlates with the diameter of the cation. The stability of the complex is also dependent on the solvent. If water is used instead of organic solvents, water molecules participate in complex formation.



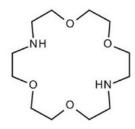
### **Applications**

The crown ethers' ability to bind cations in complex form while simultaneously solvating them, enables homogeneous phase reactions to be carried out in non-polar, aprotic solvents with the participation of salts. During such a cation solvation, very reactive, non-solvated ("bare") anions are liberated. Under mild conditions and in neutral media, these anions can act as strong nucleophiles, bases or oxidants. Crown ethers are also suitable for performing Wittig reactions under mild conditions.

These effects, in combination with the chemical stability of coronates and their high solubility in common solvents, demonstrate their considerable importance in chemical synthesis.

#### **Ordering information**

Product	Order number	Pack size	Special ion selectivity	Diameter
N-Phenylaza-15-crown-5	8138850005	5 g	$Na^{+} > K^{+} > Cs^{+}$	-
18-Crown-6	8116840002	2 g	K+ > Na+ > Li+	2.6 – 3.2 Å
	8116840005	5 g		
	8116840025	25 g		
Dibenzo-18-crown-6	8117310005	5 g	$K^+ > Na^+ > Li^+$	2.6 – 3.2 Å
	8117310050	50 g		
Dicyclohexyl-18-crown-6	8118660001	1 g	$K^+ > Na^+ > Li^+$	2.6 – 3.2 Å
	8118660005	5 g		
Dibenzo-24-crown-8	8137550001	1 g	_	-
	8317550005	5 g	-	-
Kryptofix <sup>®</sup> 22	8109530001	1 g	_	-
	8109530005	5 g		



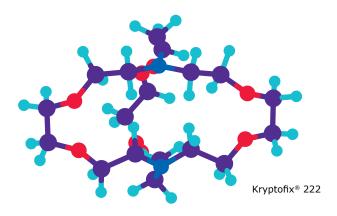
# **Cryptands** Bicyclic complexing agents

We produce high-quality cryptands under the trademark Kryptofix<sup>®</sup>. These compounds are azapolyethers that are related to the crown ethers. Bicyclic cryptands contain two bridgehead nitrogen atoms, which are linked by a bridge containing one or several oxygen atoms. The hollow spherical structure of these compounds allows them to form stable complexes (cryptates) with metal ions, especially alkali and earth alkali ions. Compared to crown ethers, cryptands generally offer higher cation selectivity and greater complex stability.

### **Cation complexes: Cryptates**

The most stable complexes are multiply bridged, spherical cryptates. The stability of all cryptates depends on the solvent used, and increases substantially during transfer from water to methanol. In addition, stability decreases at lower pH values due to the protonation of bridgehead nitrogen atoms. However, high stability of the complex does not necessarily mean high selectivity. For instance, some ligands form very weak but very selective complexes.

Selectivity for alkali ion complexes mainly depends on the cavity size and ionic radius of the cations. For earth alkali ion complexes, high stability is contrasted with low selectivity. However, there is one type of Kryptofix<sup>®</sup>, Kryptofix<sup>®</sup> 222, with the ability to distinguish between both ions for almost all alkali / earth alkali ion pairs. Increasing ligand density leads to a preference for alkali ions over earth alkali ions. This is due to the fact that the screening effect of the complexed cation against solvent is greater for Ba<sup>2+</sup> than for K<sup>+</sup>. Selectivity normally increases from water to methanol, whereby complex formation with larger cations has preference over smaller ones.



### **Applications**

Thanks to their stereochemical properties, Kryptofix compounds have highly beneficial uses including:

- Separation of cation mixtures
- Development of cation exchangers
- Reagent for synthesizing a radiotracer for the diagnostic Positron Emission Technology (PET)

### **Ordering information**

Product	Order number	Pack size	Special ion selectivity	Diameter
Kryptofix® 221	8106468250 8106460001	250 µl 1 ml	Sr <sup>2+</sup> > Ca <sup>2+</sup> > Ba <sup>2+</sup> > Na <sup>+</sup> > K <sup>+</sup> > Li <sup>+</sup> > Mg <sup>2+</sup>	1.15 Å
Kryptofix® 222	8106478250 8106470001 8106470005	250 mg 1 g 5 g	Ba <sup>2+</sup> > Sr <sup>2+</sup> > K <sup>+</sup> > Ca <sup>2+</sup> > Na <sup>+</sup> > Li <sup>+</sup> , Mg <sup>2+</sup>	1.4 Å
Kryptofix <sup>®</sup> 222 (special quality)	8149250001	1 g	$Ba^{2+} > Sr^{2+} > K^+ > Ca^{2+} > Na^+ > Li^+, Mg^{2+}$	1.4 Å

#### **Related Compounds**

Product	Order number	Pack size	Special ion selectivity	Diameter
Kryptofix <sup>®</sup> 5	8116890005	5 g	-	-

To place an order or receive technical assistance in Europe, please call Customer Service:France: 0825 045 645Spain: 901 516 645 OptionGermany: 069 86798021Switzerland: 0848 645 645Italy: 848 845 645United Kingdom: 0870 900 4645

For other countries across Europe, please call: +44 (0) 115 943 0840 Or visit: **SigmaAldrich.com/Offices** For Technical Service visit: **SigmaAldrich.com/TechService** 

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